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1 /*
2 Chris Gonzales
3 very rushed version of my project so far
4
5 Credit to openCV sample for the barebones detectAndDisplay
6 */
7
8 #include <opencv/cv.h>
9 #include <opencv/highgui.h>
10 #include <opencv2/core/core.hpp> //basic OpenCV structures
11 #include <opencv2/highgui/highgui.hpp> //no clue what this shit is
12 #include <opencv2/imgproc/imgproc.hpp> //image processing stuff
13 #include <opencv2/objdetect/objdetect.hpp> //object detection
14
15 #include <stdlib.h>
16 #include <iostream>
17 #include <fstream>
18 #include <sstream>
19 #include <math.h>
20
21
22 using namespace std;
23 using namespace cv;
24
25 //face data structure. All I have now is face center and eyes so i'll add more to this at one point
26 struct faceData{
27     int faceCenterx, faceCentery; //cause your face only have once center.
28     int eyex[2], eyey[2];        //cause you have two eyes.
29 };
30
31 //function prototypes
32 faceData detectAndDisplay(Mat frame);
33 //faceData detectAndDisplay(Mat frame, faceData x);
34 void detectAndDisplay2(Mat frame);
35 void stillImage(String filename);
36 float distForm(int x1, int x2, int y1, int y2);
37 float percDiff(float a, float b);
38 float faceDiff(faceData a, faceData b);
39
40
41 String face_cascade_name = "haarcascade_frontalface_alt.xml";
42 String eyes_cascade_name = "haarcascade_eye_tree_eyeglasses.xml";
43 CascadeClassifier face_cascade;
44 CascadeClassifier eyes_cascade;
45 //main
46 int main(){
47     //loading the eye and face cascades
48     if (!face_cascade.load(face_cascade_name)){ printf("--(!)Error loading\n"); return 1000000; }
49     if (!eyes_cascade.load(eyes_cascade_name)){ printf("--(!)Error loading\n"); return 9999999; }
50
51     //GUI temporary replacement.
52     cout << "1) Video Capture" << endl << "2) Still Image" << endl << "3) Exit" << endl ;
53     int in;
54     cin >> in;
55     //video capture
56     //this actually partly works right now
57     if (in == 1){
58         //get the image from camera 0. Which is the only camera I have..
59         CvCapture* capture = cvCaptureFromCAM(0);
60
61         //Mat is basically a matrix of colors RGB. Holds images.
62         Mat frame;
63         if (capture)
64         {
65             while (true)
66             {
```

```
67         //capture images from the camera and store it in the frame
68         frame = cvQueryFrame(capture);
69
70         if (!frame.empty())
71         {
72             //go to detectAndDisplay2 for proper explanation
73             detectAndDisplay2(frame);
74         }
75     else
76     {
77         printf(" --(!) No captured frame -- Break! "); break;
78     }
79
80         //press C if you're tired of looking at your image on the camera
81         int c = waitKey(10);
82         if ((char)c == 'c') { break; }
83     }
84 }
85 return 99;
86 }
87 //Still image
88 else if (in == 2){
89     cout << "1) Create Profile" << endl << "2) Recognize" << endl ;
90     int input;
91     cin >> input;
92     //create face data and saves it in the txt "database" quotation.
93     if (input == 1){
94         Mat frame;
95         String fname, ipname;
96         faceData face;
97         //input the filename of the image
98         cout << "Enter the filename: ";
99         cin >> fname; cout << endl ;
100        //get the name for the profile
101        cout << "Enter the person's name: ";
102        cin >> ipname; cout << endl ;
103
104        //convert String to const char *
105        const char * fname = fname.c_str();
106
107        //load the image from file
108        IplImage *img = cvLoadImage(fname);
109
110        //conver the image into the matrix format
111        frame = Mat(img, false);
112
113        //check the function itself for explanation
114        face = detectAndDisplay(frame);
115        while (true){
116            int c = waitKey(10);
117            if ((char)c == 'c') { break; }
118            //press C if you're done
119        }
120
121        //very tedious saving data into a text file
122        //i was tempted to save just the face but I'd run into trouble of having to
123        //read two files at once and extract data from each one. I figured it's easier
124        //to just extract the data, save the data and just pull it out later.
125        //i don't think it worked as I wanted it to.. but it works enough and that's all that
126        matters.
127        ofstream database;
128        database.open("database.txt", ios::app);
129        database << ipname << endl ;
130        database << face.faceCenterx << endl ; database << face.faceCentery << endl ;
131        database << face.eyex[0] << endl ; database << face.eyey[0] << endl ;
132        database << face.eyex[1] << endl ; database << face.eyey[1] << endl ;
```

```
132         database. close();
133
134     return 5000;
135 }
136
137 //Compare the still image input to your database for recognition.. Kind of.
138 else if (input == 2){
139     Mat frame;
140     String fname, ipname, name, finName;
141     faceData tempFace, loadFace;
142     float difference, fdi ff;
143     fdi ff = 99999;
144
145     cout << "Enter filename: ";
146     cin >> fname; cout << endl ;
147
148     const char * fname = fname.c_str();
149     IplImage *img = cvLoadImage(fname);
150
151     frame = Mat(img, false);
152
153     loadFace = detectAndDisplay(frame);
154     while (true){
155         int c = waitKey(10);
156         if ((char)c == 'c') { break; }
157     }
158
159     ifstream file;
160     file.open("database.txt");
161     //now begins the tedious job of pulling out each line from the "database"
162     while (!file.eof()){
163         String temp;
164         file >> temp;
165         name = temp;
166         file >> temp;
167         tempFace.faceCenterx = atoi(temp.c_str()); //converts string to integer
168         file >> temp;
169         tempFace.faceCentery = atoi(temp.c_str());
170
171         for (int i = 0; i < 2; i++){
172             file >> temp;
173             tempFace.eyex[i] = atoi(temp.c_str());
174             file >> temp;
175             tempFace.eyey[i] = atoi(temp.c_str());
176         }
177         //for some reason, eof doesn't end when the file ends and try to iterate one more ↵
178         time
179         //so to stop that I added this if statement to break when there's no name
180         if (name.empty()){ break; }
181
182         //returns the %difference go to the function for explanation
183         difference = faceDiff(loadFace, tempFace);
184
185         //find the smallest difference.
186         if (difference < fdi ff){
187             fdi ff = difference;
188             finName = name;
189         }
190     }
191     //prints out on console. I'll have this output directly on the image at one point. Just ↵
192     like the capture
193     cout << "Closest Match:\t" << finName << endl ;
194     cout << "Approximately:\t" << fdi ff << "%" << endl ;
195 }
```

```
196         cout << "Incorrect input" << endl;
197         return 10000;
198     }
199     return 100;
200 }
201 //exit
202 else{
203     return 100;
204 }
205 return 5000;
206 }
207
208 //ignore the amount of returns. I was typing this in a rush and at one point I forgot
209 //which ones I don't really need. so I'm just gonna leave that there for now.
210
211 //detects faces for still images
212 faceData detectAndDisplay(Mat frame)
213 {
214     std::vector<Rect> faces; //my program only works for one face right now but detectMultiScale r
215                             //for some reason only work with vector of faces.
216     Mat frame_gray;          //placeholder for the grayscale of image
217     faceData a;              //faceData structure.
218
219     cvtColor(frame, frame_gray, CV_BGR2GRAY);    //converts the frame to grayscale.
220     equalizeHist(frame_gray, frame_gray);           //equalizeHistogram. Improves contrast in image. Used for multi scale.
221
222     //detects faces
223     face_cascade.detectMultiScale(frame_gray, faces, 1.1, 2, 0 | CV_HAAR_SCALE_IMAGE, Size(30, 30));
224
225     for (size_t i = 0; i < faces.size(); i++)
226     {
227         //finds the center of the rectangle for the current face
228         Point center(faces[i].x + faces[i].width*0.5, faces[i].y + faces[i].height*0.5);
229         //draws the circle on the face
230         ellipse(frame, center, Size(faces[i].width*0.5, faces[i].height*0.5), 0, 0, 360, Scalar(255, 0, 255), 4, 8, 0);
231
232         //record the values for the face center
233         a.faceCenterx = center.x;
234         a.faceCentery = center.y;
235
236         //saves the rectangle of Interest. The part with just the face
237         Mat faceROI = frame_gray(faces[i]);
238         std::vector<Rect> eyes; //vector of eyes
239
240         //detects eyes
241         eyes_cascade.detectMultiScale(faceROI, eyes, 1.1, 2, 0 | CV_HAAR_SCALE_IMAGE, Size(30, 30));
242
243         //looks for eyes inside ONLY the area of interest.
244         for (size_t j = 0; j < eyes.size(); j++)
245         {
246             Point center(faces[i].x + eyes[j].x + eyes[j].width*0.5, faces[i].y + eyes[j].y + eyes[j].height*0.5);
247             int radius = cvRound((eyes[j].width + eyes[j].height)*0.25);
248             //draws the circle for each Eye
249             circle(frame, center, radius, Scalar(255, 0, 0), 4, 8, 0);
250
251             //record the eye values
252             a.eyex[j] = center.x;
253             a.eyey[j] = center.y;
254
255         }
256     }
257
258     //displays the image with the doodles
```

```
259     imshow("hello", frame);
260     //return the face data for evaluation and stuff
261     return a;
262 }
263
264 //detects faces and displays them with doodles for video capture
265 void detectAndDisplay2(Mat frame)
266 {
267     std::vector<Rect> faces;
268     Mat frame_gray;
269     faceData a, b;
270
271     for (int i = 0; i < 2; i++){
272         a.faceCenterx = a.faceCentery = a.eyex[i] = a.eyey[i] = 0;
273     }
274
275     cvtColor(frame, frame_gray, CV_BGR2GRAY);
276     equalizeHist(frame_gray, frame_gray);
277
278     face_cascade.detectMultiScale(frame_gray, faces, 1.1, 2, 0 | CV_HAAR_SCALE_IMAGE, Size(30, 30));
279
280     for (size_t i = 0; i < faces.size(); i++)
281     {
282         Point center(faces[i].x + faces[i].width*0.5, faces[i].y + faces[i].height*0.5);
283         ellipse(frame, center, Size(faces[i].width*0.5, faces[i].height*0.5), 0, 0, 360, Scalar(255, 0, 255), 4, 8, 0);
284
285         //record the values for the face center
286         a.faceCenterx = center.x;
287         a.faceCentery = center.y;
288
289         Mat faceROI = frame_gray(faces[i]);
290         std::vector<Rect> eyes;
291
292         eyes_cascade.detectMultiScale(faceROI, eyes, 1.1, 2, 0 | CV_HAAR_SCALE_IMAGE, Size(30, 30));
293
294         for (size_t j = 0; j < eyes.size(); j++)
295         {
296             Point center(faces[i].x + eyes[j].x + eyes[j].width*0.5, faces[i].y + eyes[j].y + eyes[j].height*0.5);
297             int radius = cvRound((eyes[j].width + eyes[j].height)*0.25);
298             circle(frame, center, radius, Scalar(255, 0, 0), 4, 8, 0);
299
300             //record the eye values
301             a.eyex[j] = center.x;
302             a.eyey[j] = center.y;
303
304         }
305     }
306
307     //almost a carbon copy of some code from above. more or less a copy and paste.
308     ifstream file;
309     String c, d;
310     float e, f;
311     f = 999;
312     file.open("database.txt");
313
314     //forgive the very descriptive names
315     while (!file.eof())
316     {
317         String temp;
318         file >> temp;
319         c = temp;
320         file >> temp;
321         b.faceCenterx = atoi(temp.c_str());
322         file >> temp;
```

```
323     b.faceCentery = atoi(temp.c_str());
324     for (int i = 0; i < 2; i++){
325         file >> temp;
326         b.eyex[i] = atoi(temp.c_str());
327         file >> temp;
328         b.eyey[i] = atoi(temp.c_str());
329     }
330     if (c.empty()) { break; }
331
332     e = faceDiff(a, b);
333     //cout << c << " --- " << e << endl ;
334
335     if (e < f){
336         f = e;
337         d = c;
338     }
339
340 }
341 //writes on the image.
342 Point p(30, 50); Point p2(30, 100);
343 putText(frame, d, p, CV_FONT_HERSHEY_SIMPLEX, 1.5, Scalar(255, 0, 0), 1, 8, false);
344 ostringstream stringer;
345 stringer << f << "%";
346 string str = stringer.str();
347 cout << str << endl ;
348 putText(frame, str, p2, CV_FONT_HERSHEY_SIMPLEX, 1.5, Scalar(255, 0, 0), 1, 8, false);
349
350 //displays the image
351 imshow("hello", frame);
352
353 }
354 //distance formula
355 float distForm(int x1, int x2, int y1, int y2){
356     float dist, a, b;
357
358     a = x2 - x1;
359     a = a*a;
360     b = y2 - y1;
361     b = b*b;
362
363     dist = sqrt(a + b);
364
365     return dist;
366 }
367 //percent difference
368 float percDiff(float a, float b){
369     float c, ave;
370     ave = (a + b) / 2;
371     c = abs((a - b) / ave);
372
373     return c;
374 }
375
376 float faceDiff(faceData a, faceData b){
377     //aRef and bRef are the distance between each eye. Will be used as reference for the ratios
378     float aRef = distForm(a.eyex[1], a.eyex[0], a.eyey[1], a.eyey[0]);
379     float bRef = distForm(b.eyex[1], b.eyex[0], b.eyey[1], b.eyey[0]);
380
381     //finds distance of each eye to center
382     float eyeDistA1 = distForm(a.faceCenterx, a.eyex[0], a.faceCentery, a.eyey[0]);
383     float eyeDistA2 = distForm(a.faceCenterx, a.eyex[1], a.faceCentery, a.eyey[1]);
384
385     //again
386     float eyeDistB1 = distForm(b.faceCenterx, b.eyex[0], b.faceCentery, b.eyey[0]);
387     float eyeDistB2 = distForm(b.faceCenterx, b.eyex[1], b.faceCentery, b.eyey[1]);
```

```
389
390
391     float var, varr;
392     //calculates difference between each respective eye
393     var = percDiff(eyeDistA1/aRef, eyeDistB1/bRef);
394     varr = percDiff(eyeDistA2/aRef, eyeDistB2/bRef);
395
396     /*
397     add some more stuff here at one point.
398     */
399
400
401     cout << endl;
402     //that's pretty much it.
403     float ret = (var + varr) / 2;
404
405     return ret * 100;
406
407 }
```